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# **Mouse Aspartate aminotransferase(AST) ELISA Kit**

**96Tests**

**Catalogue Number:SL0086Mo**

**Store all reagents at 2-8℃**

**Validity Period: six months**

**For samples:**

**In serum, plasma, culture media or any biological fluid.**

**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY !**

**NOT FOR THERAPEUTIC OR DIAGNOSTIC APPLICATIONS !**

**PLEASE READ THROUGH ENTIRE PROCEDURE BEFORE BEGINNING !**

# **Mouse Aspartate aminotransferase (AST) ELISA kit**

***FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY***

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## **Drug Names**

Generic Name: **Mouse Aspartate aminotransferase(AST) ELISA Kit**

## **Purpose**

This kit allows for the determination of AST concentrations in Mouse serum, blood plasma, and other biological fluids.

## **Principle**

The kit assay Mouse AST level in the sample, use Purified Mouse AST antibody to coat microtiter plate wells, make solid-phase antibody, then add AST to wells, Combined AST antibody which With HRP labeled, become antibody - antigen - enzyme-antibody complex, after washing Completely, Add TMB substrate solution, TMB substrate becomes blue color At HRP enzyme-catalyzed, reaction is terminated by the addition of a sulphuric acid solution and the color change is measured spectrophotometrically at a wavelength of 450 nm. The concentration of AST in the samples is then determined by comparing the O.D. of the samples to the standard curve.

## Materials provided with the kit

	Materials provided with the kit	96 determinations	Storage
1	User manual	1	
2	Closure plate membrane	2	
3	Sealed bags	1	
4	Microelisa stripplate	1	2-8°C
5	Standard: 4.5 ng/ml	0.5ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
6	Standard diluent	1.5ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
7	HRP-Conjugate reagent	6ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
8	Sample diluent	6ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
9	Chromogen Solution A	6ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
10	Chromogen Solution B	6ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
11	Stop Solution	6ml×1 bottle	2-8°C
12	wash solution	(20ml×30 fold)×1bottle	2-8°C

## Specimen requirements

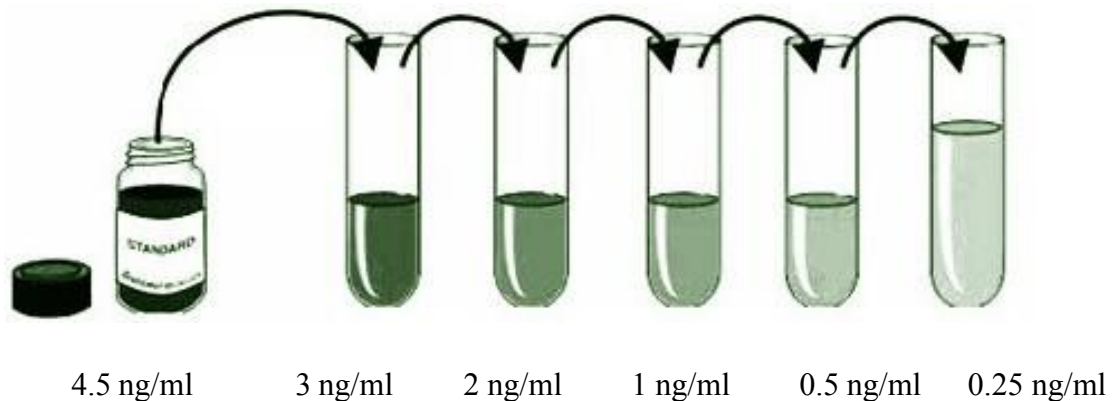
1. serum- coagulation at room temperature 10-20 mins, centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. remove supernatant, If precipitation appeared, Centrifugal again.
2. plasma-use suited EDTA or citrate plasma as an anticoagulant,mix 10-20 mins ,centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. remove supernatant, If precipitation appeared, Centrifugal again.
3. Urine-collect sue a sterile container, centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. remove supernatant, If precipitation appeared, Centrifugal again. The Operation of Hydrothorax and cerebrospinal fluid Reference to it.
4. cell culture supernatant-detect secretory components, collect sue a sterile container, centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. remove supernatant,detect the composition of cells, Dilut cell suspension with PBS ( PH7.2-7.4 ) , Cell concentration reached 1 million / ml, repeated freeze-thaw cycles, damage cells and release of intracellular components, centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m. remove supernatant, If precipitation appeared, Centrifugal again.
5. Tissue samples- After cutting samples, check the weight,add PBS ( PH7.2-7.4 ) , Rapidly frozen with liquid nitrogen, maintain samples at 2-8°C after melting,add PBS ( PH7.4 ) , Homogenized by hand or Grinders, centrifugation 20-min at the speed of 2000-3000 r.p.m.

remove supernatant.

6. extract as soon as possible after Specimen collection, and according to the relevant literature, and should be experiment as soon as possible after the extraction. If it can't, specimen can be kept in  $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  to preserve, Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
7. Can't detect the sample which contain  $\text{NaN}_3$ , because  $\text{NaN}_3$  inhibits HRP active.

## Assay procedure

1. Dilute and add sample to Standard: set 10 Standard wells on the ELISA plates coated, add Standard  $100\mu\text{l}$  to the first and the second well, then add Standard dilution  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the first and the second well, mix; take out  $100\mu\text{l}$  from the first and the second well then add it to the third and the fourth well separately. then add Standard dilution  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the third and the fourth well, mix; then take out  $50\mu\text{l}$  from the third and the fourth well discard, add  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the fifth and the sixth well, then add Standard dilution  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the fifth and the sixth well, mix; take out  $50\mu\text{l}$  from the fifth and the sixth well and add to the seventh and the eighth well, then add Standard dilution  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the seventh and the eighth well, mix; take out  $50\mu\text{l}$  from the seventh and the eighth well and add to the ninth and the tenth well, add Standard dilution  $50\mu\text{l}$  to the ninth and the tenth well, mix, take out  $50\mu\text{l}$  from the ninth and the tenth well discard (add Sample  $50\mu\text{l}$  to each well after Diluting, (density:  $3\text{ ng/ml}$ ,  $2\text{ ng/ml}$ ,  $1\text{ ng/ml}$ ,  $0.5\text{ ng/ml}$ ,  $0.25\text{ ng/ml}$ ))



2. add sample: Set blank wells separately (blank comparison wells don't add sample and HRP-Conjugate reagent, other each step operation is same). testing sample well. add Sample dilution  $40\mu\text{l}$  to testing sample well, then add testing sample  $10\mu\text{l}$  (sample final dilution is 5-fold), add sample to wells, don't touch the well wall as far as possible, and

Gently mix.

3. Incubate: After closing plate with Closure plate membrane ,incubate for 30 min at 37°C.
4. Configurated liquid: wash solution diluted 30-fold with distilled water and reserve.
5. washing: Uncover Closure plate membrane, discard Liquid, dry by swing, add washing buffer to every well, still for 30s then drain, repeat 5 times, dry by pat.
6. add enzyme: Add HRP-Conjugate reagent 50 $\mu$ l to each well, except blank well.
7. incubate: Operation with 3.
8. washing: Operation with 5.
9. color: Add Chromogen Solution A 50ul and Chromogen Solution B to each well, evade the light preservation for 15 min at 37°C.
10. Stop the reaction: Add Stop Solution 50 $\mu$ l to each well, Stop the reaction(the blue color change to yellow color).
11. assay: take blank well as zero , Read absorbance at 450nm after Adding Stop Solution and within 15min.

## **Important notes**

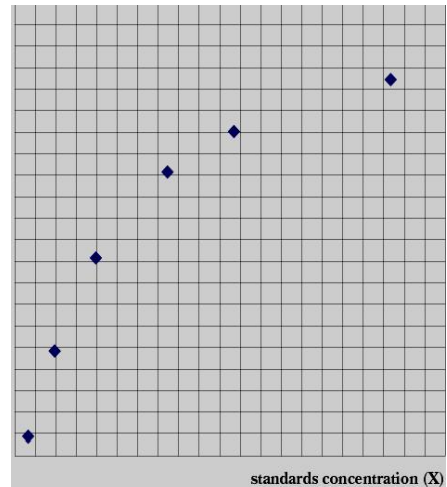
1. The kit takes out from the refrigeration environment should be balanced 15-30 minutes in the room temperature, ELISA plates coated if has not use up after opened, the plate should be stored in Sealed bag.
2. washing buffer will Crystallization separation, it can be heated the water helps dissolve when dilute . Washing does not affect the result.
3. add Sample with sampler Each step, And proofread its accuracy frequently, avoids the experimental error. add sample within 5 mins, if the number of sample is much , recommend to use Volley .
4. if the testing material content is excessively higher (The sample OD is bigger than the first standard well ),please dilute Sample (n-fold), Please diluente and multiplied by the dilution factor. ( $\times n \times 5$ ) .
5. Closure plate membrane only limits the disposable use, to avoid cross-contamination.
6. The substrate evade the light preservation.
7. Please according to use instruction strictly, The test result determination must take the

microtiter plate reader as a standard.

8. All samples, washing buffer and each kind of reject should according to infective material process.
9. Don't mix reagents with those from other lots.

## Calculation of Results

Take the standard density as the horizontal, the OD value for the vertical, draw the standard curve on graph paper, Find out the corresponding density according to the sample OD value by the Sample curve, multiplied by the dilution multiple, or calculate the straight line regression equation of the standard curve with the standard density and the OD value, with the sample OD value in the equation, calculate the sample density, multiplied by the dilution factor, the result is the sample actual density.



This diagram is for reference only

## Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Mouse AST were tested 20 times on one plate, respectively.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): 3 samples with low, middle and high level Mouse AST were tested on 3 different plates, 8 replicates in each plate.

$$CV(\%) = \frac{SD}{\text{mean}} \times 100$$

Intra-Assay:  $CV < 10\%$

Inter-Assay:  $CV < 12\%$

**Assay range**

0.05 ng/ml -3.2 ng/ml

**Sensitivity:**

0.01 ng/ml

**Storage and validity**

1. Storage: 2-8°C.
2. validity: 6 months.